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| **County of Tripoli (1102–1289)** |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | County of Tripoli  *Comitatus Tripolitanus* (Latin) *Comtat de Trípol* (Old Provençal) | | | 1102–1289 | | | Flag of Tripoli  Banner of arms of the House of Toulouse-Tripoli (derived from the arms)  Arms of the House of Toulouse-Tripoli of Tripoli  Arms of the House of Toulouse-Tripoli | | | Attributed arms of the County of Tripoli  Attributed arms of the County of Tripoli | | | The County of Tripoli in the context of the other states of the Near East in 1135 AD.  The County of Tripoli in the context of the other states of the Near East in 1135 AD. | | | Status | Vassal of, the Kingdom of Jerusalem, the Principality of Antioch and the Mongol Empire | | Capital | Tortosa (1102–1109), Tripoli (1109–1289) | | Common languages | Latin, Aramaic (Maronite), Old French, Old Occitan, Italian, Arabic, Greek, Sabir | | Religion | Latin Church (among nobles) Maronite Church and Eastern Orthodox Church (Among general populace) Oriental Orthodoxy, Islam, and Judaism minority | | Government | Feudal monarchy | | Count of Tripoli |  | |  | | | • 1102–1105 (first) | Raymond I | | • 1287–1289 (last) | Lucia | | Historical era | High Middle Ages | |  | | | • Established | 1102 | | • Conquered by Qalawun | 27 April 1289 | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | Preceded by | Succeeded by | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/3/39/White_flag_3_to_2.svg/20px-White_flag_3_to_2.svg.png | Fatimid Caliphate | | |  |  | | --- | --- | | Mamluk Sultanate | https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/1/1f/Mameluke_Flag.svg/20px-Mameluke_Flag.svg.png | | | | | Today part of | Lebanon Syria | |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/a/ac/Tripoli_gold_bezant_in_Arabic_1270_1300_Tripoli_silver_gros_1275_1287.jpg/220px-Tripoli_gold_bezant_in_Arabic_1270_1300_Tripoli_silver_gros_1275_1287.jpg |
| County of Tripoli coins: gold bezant with a text in Arabic (1270–1300), and Tripoli silver gros (1275–1287). British Museum. |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/3/30/Crusader_coin_Tripoli_circa_1230_bis.jpg/170px-Crusader_coin_Tripoli_circa_1230_bis.jpg |
| Crusader coin, County of Tripoli, c. 1230. |
| https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/4/4a/Crusader_coin_Tripoli_circa_1230.jpg/170px-Crusader_coin_Tripoli_circa_1230.jpg |
| Crusader coin, County of Tripoli, c. 1230. |
| **Vassals of Tripoli** |
| County of Montferrand |
| Lordship of Besmedin |
| Lordship of Botron |
| Lordship of Buissera |
| Lordship of Calmont |
| Lordship of Chastel Blanc |
| Lordship of Chastel Rouge |
| Lordship of Fontaines |
| Lordship of Gibelacar |
| Lordship of Gibelet |
| Lordship of La Colée |
| Lordship of Le Puy |
| Seigneury of Moinetre |
| Lordship of Nephin |
| Lordship of Raisagium Montanée |
| Lordship of Terra Galifa |
| Lordship of Tokle |
| Lordship of Tortosa Maraclea |
| Krak des Chevaliers |
| **Counts of Tripoli** |
| Raymond I (1102–1105, also Count of Toulouse as Raymond IV) |
| Alfonso Jordan (1105–1109), with William Jordan as regent |
| Bertrand (1109–1112) |
| Pons (1112–1137) |
| Raymond II (1137–1152) |
| Raymond III (1152–1187) |
| Raymond IV (1187–1189), son of Bohemond III of Antioch. |
| Bohemond IV (1189–1233, also Prince of Antioch 1201–1216 and 1219–1233) |
| Bohemond V (1233–1252, also Prince of Antioch) |
| Bohemond VI (1252–1275, also Prince of Antioch 1252–1268) |
| Bohemond VII (1275–1287) |
| Lucia (1287–1289) |
| **Titular rulers of Tripoli after its fall to Egyptian forces:** |
| Lucia (1289 – c.1299) |
| Philippe (c.1299 – 1300) |
| Tripoli passes to the Kings of Cyprus and Jerusalem: |
| Peter I of Cyprus (1346–1359) |
| Peter II of Cyprus (1359–1369) |
| James of Lusignan (? – c. 1396), cousin |
| John of Lusignan (c. 1396 – c. 1430), son |
| Peter of Lusignan (c. 1430 – 1451), brother, Regent of Cyprus |
| Juan Tafures (1469–1473) |



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| **Compiler FLN** |